The project is co-financed with the support of the European Union's Justice programme



Online training event for presenting the Italian legal system regulating immigration and asylum



**Francesco CAIA** Member of the Italian National Bar Association



#### ASYLUM POLICY: OBJECTIVES AND RESULTS OF THE APPLICATION OF THE ITALIAN LEGISLATION

Alessio SANGIORGI, Lawyer, Member of the Unione Forense por la Tutela dei Diritti Umani - UFTDU



Webinar TRALIM II, 03 February 2021



The project is co-financed with the support of the European Union's Justice programme

# THE ITALIAN ASYLUM SYSTEM Characteristics and Current Challenges

Antonio Di Muro, UNHCR Protection Associate



a) UNHCR's Role in the Italian Context

- b) The Italian asylum system: how does it work in practice?
  - a) Access to the territory
  - b) Access to the asylum procedure
  - c) National reception system
  - d) Refugee status determination (RSD)
  - e) Specialized Divisions and Court of Cassation
- c) The crucial role of Italian lawyers
- d) Current and future challenges

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#### **UNHCR's Role in the Italian Context**

- Access to the Italian territory, incl. presence at sea arrivals
- Resettlement and humanitarian corridors
- Active role in first-instance refugee status determination (RSD). See art. 4 co. 3 D.Lgs. 25/2008
- Integration





#### **UNHCR's Role in the Italian Context**

- Support national authorities with the aim of protecting refugees and asylum-seekers:
  - Ministry of Interior, incl. the National Commission for the Right of Asylum
  - Ministry of Justice, incl. Specialized Divisions on Migration and Asylum
  - CNF
  - CSM and SSM
- Active engagement with the Italian legal community
- Direct dialogue and support to the refugee population in Italy, incl. refugee-led organizations
- Cooperation with civil society organizations on asylum issues





#### The Italian asylum system: how does it work in practice?





• What does this mean? And why is this particularly relevant?

#### **CASE LAW**

- European Court of Human Rights [GC], <u>Hirsi and Others v Italy</u>, 23 Feb 2012
- Court of Appeal Rome, Judgment, 11 Jan 2021
- S.S. and Others v Italy, <u>App. No. 21660/18</u>
- First-Instance Court of Rome, Interim Decision, 18 Jan 2021
- CCPR Views in the case of A.S., D.I., O.I. and G.D. v Italy, 27 January 2021



#### **Access to Procedure**

• What does this mean? And why is this particularly relevant?

#### **PROBLEMATIC ISSUES**

- Difficulties in timely registration if outside national reception system
- Restrictive interpretation in the registration of subsequent applications (BUT reform of Art. 29 *bis* D.Lgs. 25/2008)

#### **CASE LAW**

- First-instance Court of Turin, Judgment, 06 April 2020 on access to procedure in a pre-removal detention center
- First-instance Court of Rome, Judgment, 07 April 2020 on access to procedure in the context of COVID-19 lockdown



#### **National Reception System**

• How does it work in practice?

#### PROBLEMATIC ISSUES

- Mixed reception conditions
- Sometimes lack of expertise in relation to specific needs, incl. physical and mental illness

#### CASE LAW

 Council of State, <u>Judgment n. 1271</u>, 9 luglio 2020 on the withdrawal of reception measures and the importance of respecting human dignity (see CJEU Grand Chamber judgment in the Haqbin case)



#### **Refugee Status Determination (RSD)**

• What are the Territorial Commissions for International Protection?

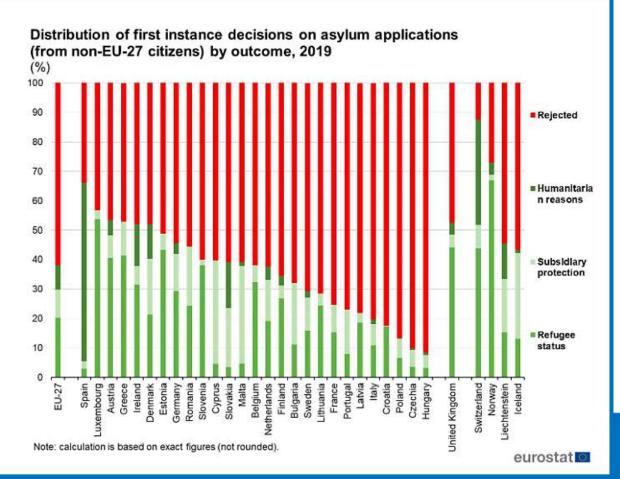
#### ASYLUM DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

- <u>RSD interview</u>: conducted by Mol caseworker at the presence of an interpreter
- <u>RSD decision</u>: possible outcomes of the plenary decision
  - Refugee status
  - Subsidiary protection
  - Special protection
  - Rejection
  - Manifestly unfounded

**ACHIEVEMENT:** Significant reduction of the backlog down to 33,808 compared to more than 140,000 in 2018



#### **RSD First Instance Recognition Trends: Italy v EU**



In <u>2019</u>, stable first instance recognition rates (40%) within the EU. Yet, wide variations for some nationalities:

- <u>Afghanistan</u>: in Italy 910 positive decisions out of 970; in Germany 4,605 out of 10,365
- <u>Somalia</u>: in Italy 655 positive decisions out of 710; in Sweden 245 out of 780
- <u>Venezuela</u>: in Italy 1,425 positive decisions out of 1,560; in France 275 out of 550



#### **Specialized Divisions and Court of Cassation**

• A short overview of the appeal procedure in the Italian RSD system

#### **PROBLEMATIC ISSUES**

- Significant backlog: 95,000 pending cases before Specialized Divisions and 13,101 pending cases before the Court of Cassation (+153% compared to 2018)
- Ongoing specialization. Particular challenges concerning the Court of Cassation
- No professional interpreters available

#### **CASE LAW**

• The Court of Cassation regularly publishes a repository of the most relevant decisions on international protection: the latest is available <u>here</u>.



#### The Italian RSD System: First Instance & Appeal

**RECOGNITION RATES**: all in all, the system provides fair recognition rates **SUBSIDIARY PROTECTION**: progressive interpretation of Art. 15(b) and (c) QD

**IFA/IPA**: not only limited application of the IFA/IPA concept in practice but also mostly in line with <u>UNHCR Guidelines N. 4</u>

**CASE LAW**: even though mixed quality in judicial decision-making, interesting (and under-researched) asylum case-law:

- First-Instance Court of Milan, <u>Decree 6781/2019</u>, 23 August 2019 on risk of persecution related to serious mental health conditions
- First-Instance Court of Turin, <u>Decree 741/2020</u>, 03 February 2020 on witchcraft allegations as gender-based persecution



#### The crucial role of Italian lawyers



#### The crucial role of Italian lawyers

• Why are lawyers a crucial component of the national asylum system?

#### CHALLENGES

Lack of specialization

- DM 163/2020
- Difficulties in handling specific needs, incl. victims of trafficking, victims of torture, traumatized individuals
- Contrasting interpretations on legal aid
- Specific ethical issues, which are not currently addressed by the professional code of conduct

#### **OPPORTUNITIES**

• Active cooperation between UNHCR and CNF, as well as local bar associations



#### **Current and Future Challenges**



# Identification and protection of vulnerable individuals

- Who are vulnerable individuals?
- Lack of systematic identification of and referral for specific needs
- Advanced child protection regime but there are gaps between the law and practice
- Women and girls who have experienced sexual gender-based violence





#### Integration beneficiaries of international protection

- Why is integration a priority?
- Poor integration encourages onward movement and threatens to undo Italy's good practice in terms of access and asylum
- Municipalities are crucial actors on integration issues
- Cooperation with refugee communities and refugee-led organizations to include their perspectives





#### Protecting refugees and asylumseekers in the COVID-19 pandemic

- Access to the asylum procedure notwithstanding lockdowns and significant restrictions to the freedom of movement
- Difficulties in identifying vulnerable individuals
- Ensuring continuity in the assessment of asylum claims at both first-instance and appeal level
- Protecting the fundamental rights of vulnerable individuals, incl. minors and their right to education or access to healthcare
- Facilitating integration in times of crisis











#### MINISTRY OF INFRASTRUCTURE AND TRANSPORT ITALIAN COAST GUARD HEADQUARTERS

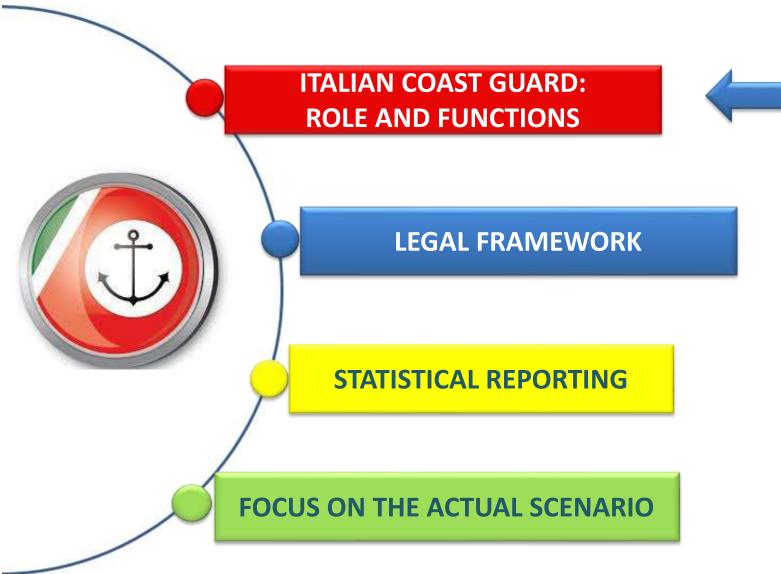
Training of Lawyers on EU Asylum and Immigration Law (TRALIM II) FEBRUARY 2021



The project is co-financed with the support of the European Union's Justice programme

CAPTAIN (ITCG) GIANLUCA D'AGOSTINO HEAD OF IT-MRCC

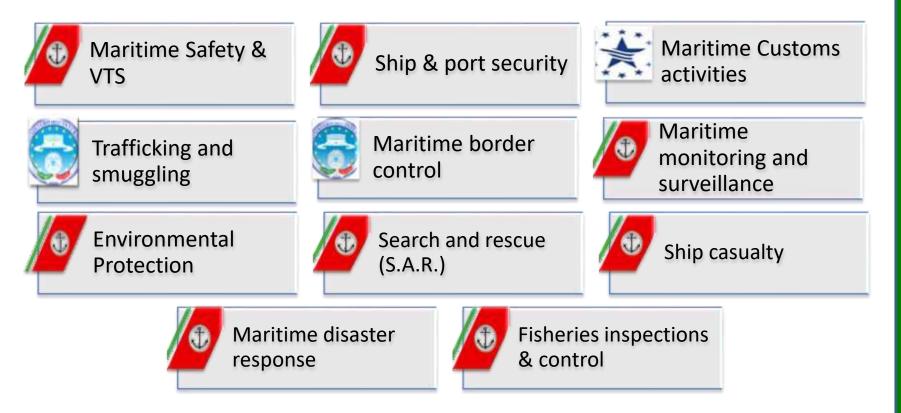






# ITCG ROLE AND FUNCTIONS Coast Guard Functions

The Italian Coast Guard is <u>National Competent Authority</u>, at operational level, for 8 out of the 11 Coast Guard Functions as defined by the ECGFF + 2 functions shared with other Administrations / Bodies



# NOWARAYS CRIMINAL NETWORK INVOLVEMENT





#### TODAY: MIXED MIGRATION by sea and FEW LEGAL WAYS = FLOW often MANAGED BY CRIMINAL ORGANIZATIONS

1900

#### ECONOMIC MIGRANTS LEGAL WAYS OF MIGRATION



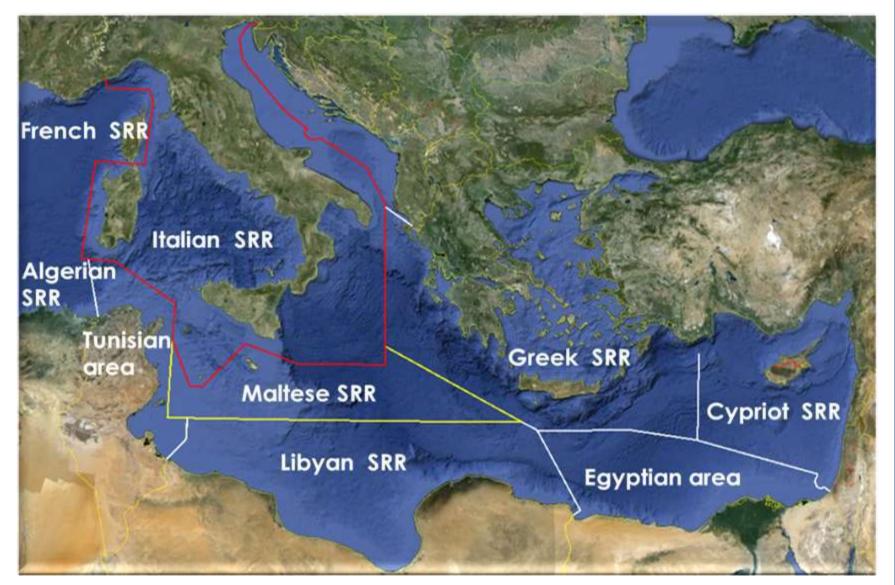
Without an effective S.A.R. service, many of them die. We don't know exactly how many died at sea: **missing migrants at sea can be only estimated**.



#### **STATISTICAL REPORTING**

FOCUS ON THE ACTUAL SCENARIO





# MIGRATION LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

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#### INTERNATIONAL LEGISLATION

- UNCLOS U.N. CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA 1982;
- INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION ON MARITIME SEARCH AND RESCUE (HAMBURG '79);
- INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE SAFETY OF LIFE AT SEA (SOLAS), 1974;
- REGULATION EU 656/2014; REGULATION UE 1896/2019
- IAMSAR MANUAL.

#### NATIONAL LEGISLATION

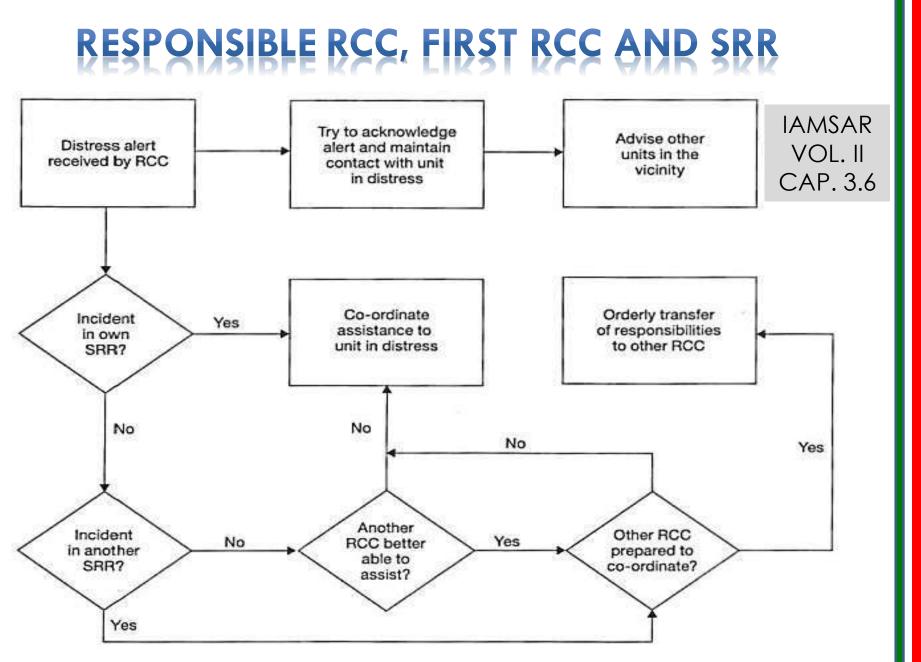
- NAVIGATION CODE;
  - PRESIDENTIAL DECREE 662/1994;
- Law 147/1989;
- INTERMINISTERIAL DECREE 14/07/2003;
  - TECHNICAL AND OPERATIONAL AGREEMENT ON PROCEDURES AND COORDINATION FOR COMBATING ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION BY SEA.

# **RESPONSIBLE RCC, FIRST RCC AND SRR**

**RCC (Rescue Coordination Centre)**: A UNIT RESPONSIBLE FOR PROMOTING EFFICIENT ORGANIZATION OF SEARCH AND RESCUE SERVICES AND FOR COORDINATING THE CONDUCT OF SEARCH AND RESCUE OPERATIONS WITHIN A SEARCH AND RESCUE REGION.

"FIRST" RCC (Rescue Coordination Centre): RCC AFFILIATED WITH THE SHORE STATION THAT FIRST ACKNOWLEDGES A DISTRESS ALERT, AND WHICH SHOULD ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALL SUBSEQUENT SAR CO-ORDINATION UNLESS AND UNTIL RESPONSIBILITY IS ACCEPTED BY ANOTHER RCC BETTER ABLE TO TAKE ACTION.

SRR (Search and Rescue Region): AN AREA OF DEFINED DIMENSIONS, ASSOCIATED WITH A RESCUE CO-ORDINATION CENTRE, WITHIN WHICH SEARCH AND RESCUE SERVICES ARE PROVIDED.



ITALIAN COAST GUARD

# INFORMATION FLOW ABOUT MIGRATION

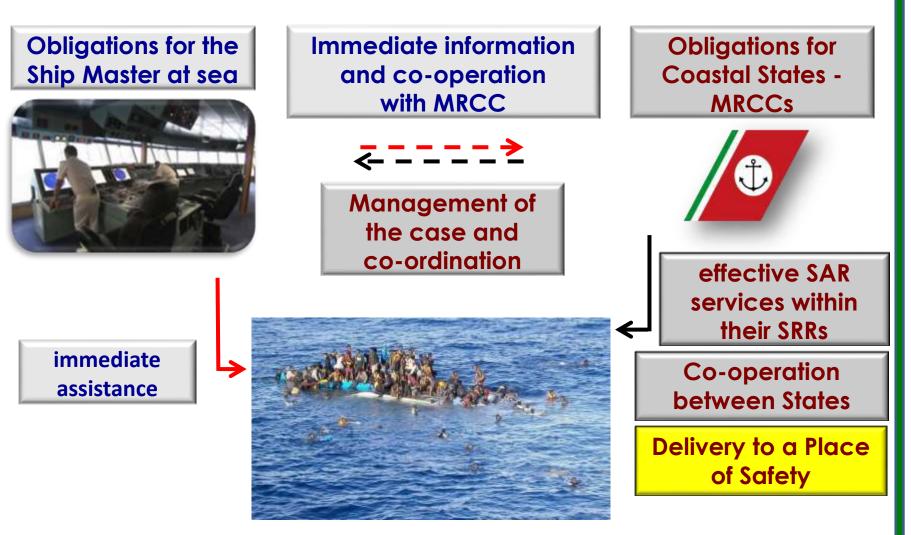


# ITALIAN COAST GUARD

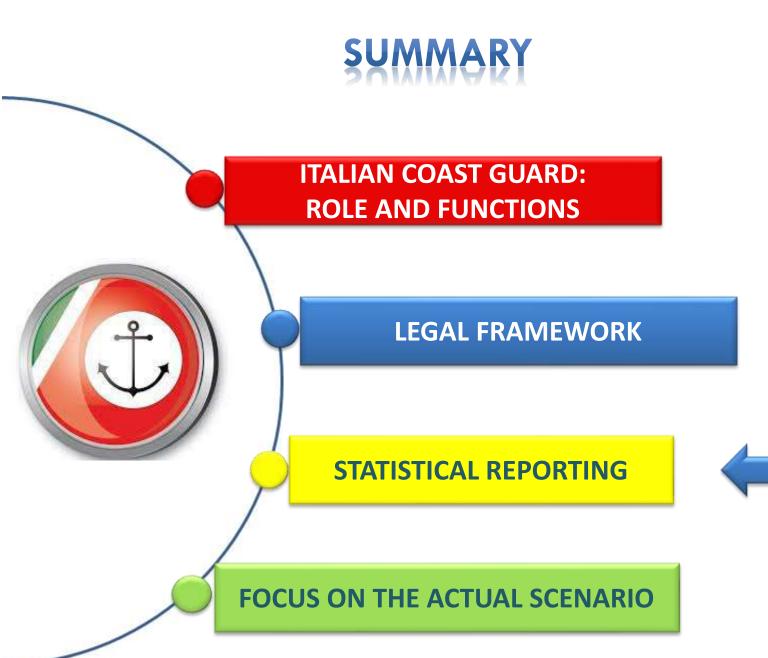
# INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION FLOW



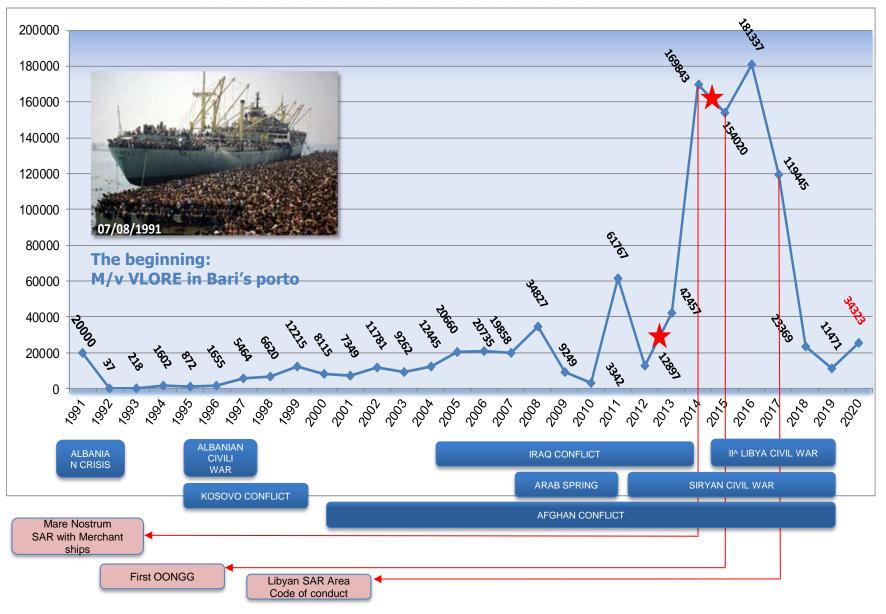
# SAR Obligations



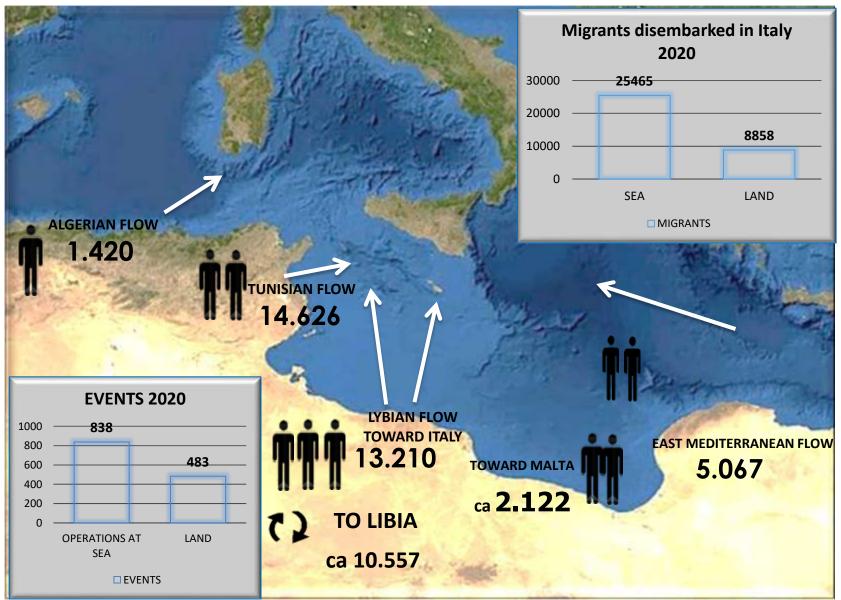
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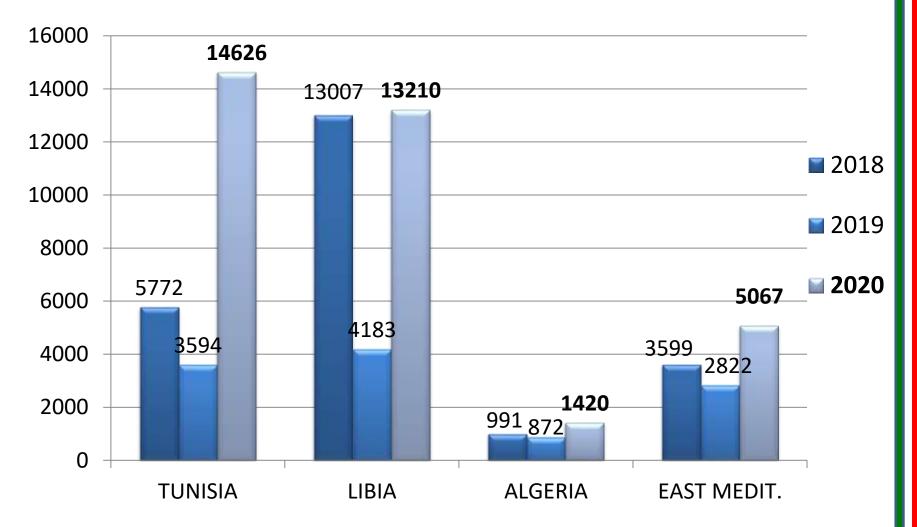
#### HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION FLOWS TOWARD ITALY AND SOCIO-POLITICAL CONNECTION \*(UPDATE 31.12.2020)



# **MIGRATION FLOW YEAR 2020**



# NUMBER OF PEOPLE ARRIVED IN ITALY



ITALIAN COAST GUARD

# MAIN NATIONALITIES OF MIGRANTS



ITALIAN COAST GUARD

DATA PROVIDED BY MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR



#### FOCUS ON THE ACTUAL SCENARIO



# MIGRANT SMUGGLERS BOAT TYPES







	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Rubber boats	1.094	640	102	44	93
Wooden boats	241	471	211	149	694
Merchant ships	0	0	0	0	0
Others	89	48	51	31	49
Total	1.424	1.159	364	223	836

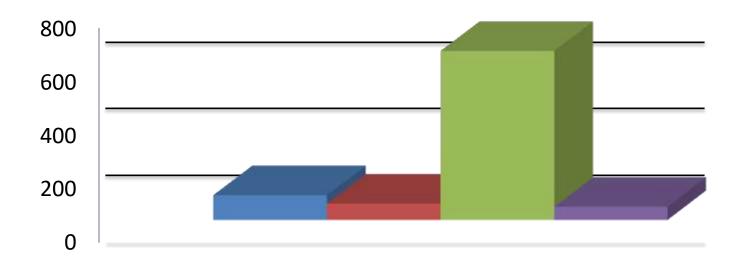


# USED BOATS PER TYPE - FOCUS ON 2020 -

RUBBER BOATS

- LARGE WOODEN BOATS
- SMALL BOATS
- OTHERS

In 2020, as well as today, more performing boats with fewer people on board were used - an increasing number of small boats, BUT...

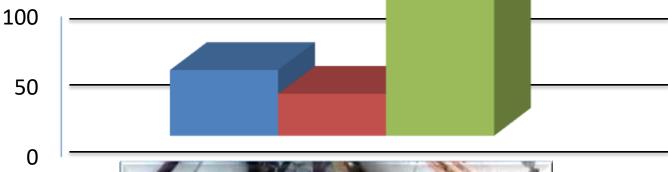


### USED BOATS PER TYPE - FOCUS ON LIBYAN FLOW 2020 -

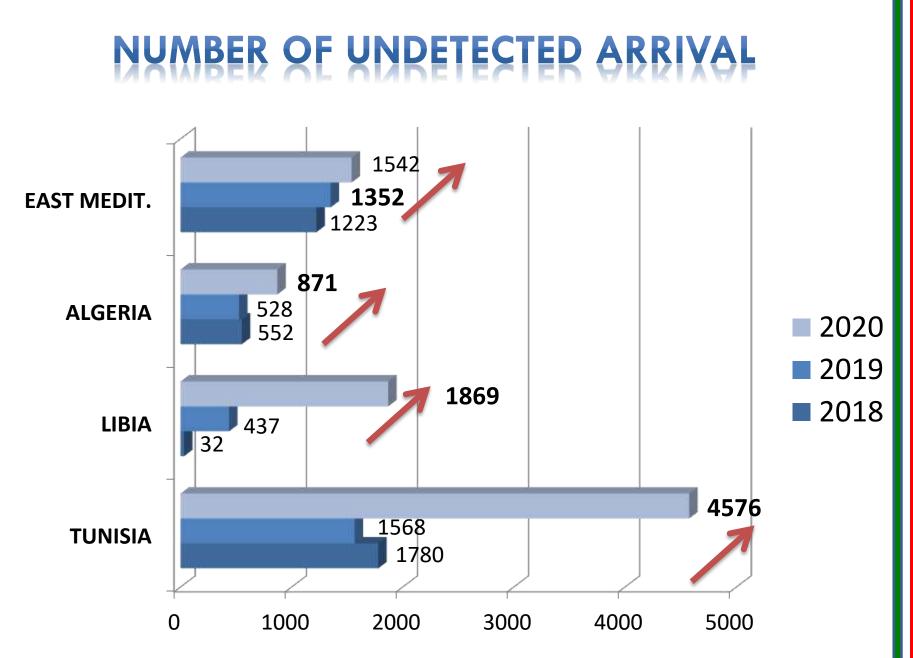
RUBBER BOATS
LARGE WOODEN BOATS
SMALL BOATS

...is noted that the quality of rubber boats is worsening day by day









ITALIAN COAST GUARD

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# ITALIAN COAST GUARD